Rezoning Traffic Impact Analysis (RTIA)



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PURPOSE

Assess the potential traffic impact of a change from a currently established zoning designation to a different zoning designation, and identifying deficient roadway conditions if the change in zoning district results in an increase in potential traffic over a certain threshold.

SIMPLE STUDY LEVEL

IDENTIFY LAND USES

• What is permitted under existing zoning?

• What is permitted under proposed zoning?



- Using the highest trip generating use, how many trips will existing zoning allow?
- How many trips will proposed zoning allow?



- What is the difference in trip generation -
 - 1. Do we have a decrease or no net increase?
 - 2. Do we have a *de minimus* impact of less than 10%?
- If YES to either, study is complete at this level
- If NO, a full study is required (see next page.)



FULL/DETAILED STUDY LEVEL



- What is permitted under existing zoning?
- What is permitted under proposed zoning?

- Using the highest trip generating use, how many trips will existing zoning allow?
- How many trips will proposed zoning allow?
- The difference in trip generation is greater than 10% from the existing to proposed zoning classification.
- Review projected trip distribution where will the cars go? What roads/directions?
 - Classify your study area where the vehicles will impact generally a 2 mile radius
 - Establish Roadway Capacity "grade" of roadway and how many trips it can handle before losing a grade
 - Develop future roadway traffic look at existing, vested (trips that are permitted but are not on the road yet), and your project's projected traffic
 - Does rezoning analysis cause traffic to exceed roadway capacity?
 - If NO, study is complete finding of no net increase.
 - If YES, during site plan and concurrency review there is a mechanism to mitigate increased impacts for a proposed project through the proportionate share process.

